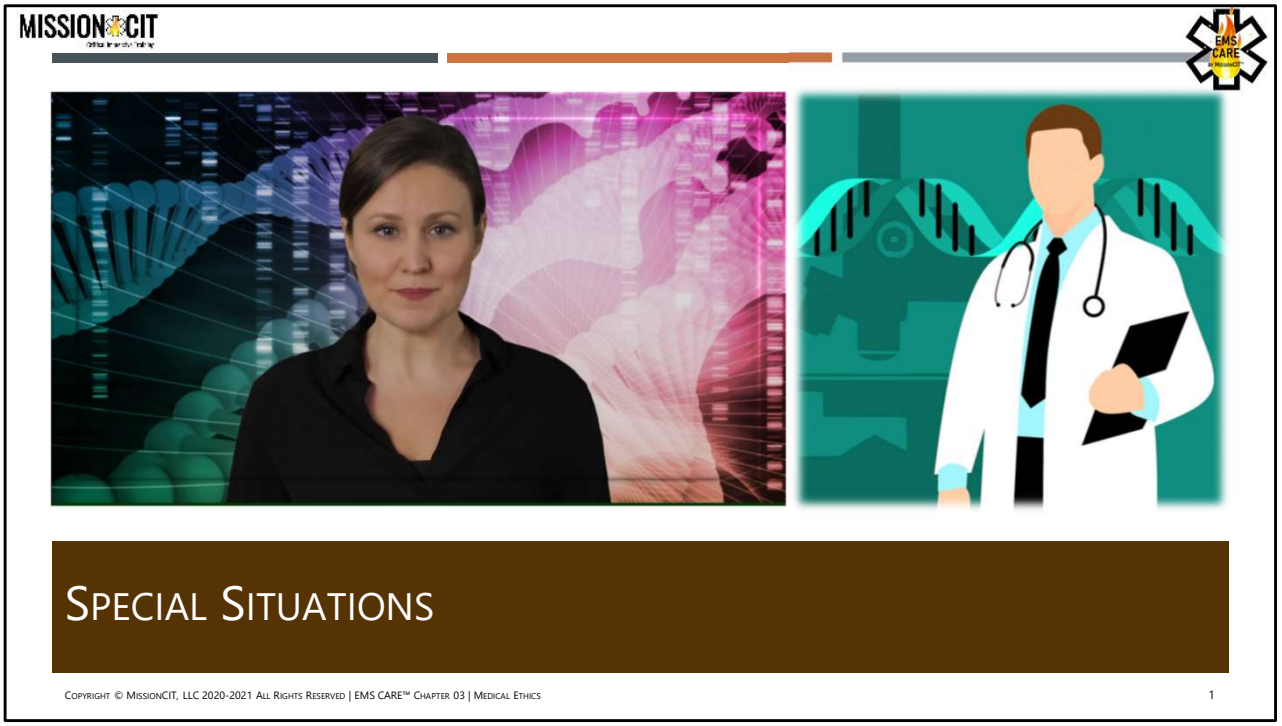


Thank you, Justin!

In this lesson, we will talk about some special situations such as patients with medical identifications, organ donors, safe havens, reporting, and more.



Some special situations have to be communicated with the help of medical identification devices such as necklaces, bracelets, or even cards.

Some of these special conditions that are communicated through medical devices are:

- Heart conditions
- Allergies
- Diabetes, and
- Epilepsy

Since the patient may not be able to express what's

going on, these medical devices will tell you about the patient's history and what to expect.

Organ Donors

- Legal document for donation organs
- Verify – donor card, confirmation with family member, driver's license
- Inform the receiving hospital
- Know the protocols



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3

If a person has a legal document for donating his or her organs in the event of death, you can't follow the standardized procedure. First off, verify if the dead patient is a donor, you can do this with a donor card, or by confirmation from the family members. Even a driver's license can give you this information. Accordingly, inform the receiving hospital about it. Understand your local protocols in this regard and follow them.

Safe Haven Laws

- Allow a person to drop off an infant or child at the local police, fire, or EMS station
- Contact the Child Protection Services





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The safe-haven laws allow a person to drop off an infant or child at the local police, fire, or EMS station and different states have different guidelines on what you can do about it.

Similarly, if there are children who can't be protected by the parents, where the parent can harm the child, or if the parent is unable to care for the child, contact the local Child Protection Services.

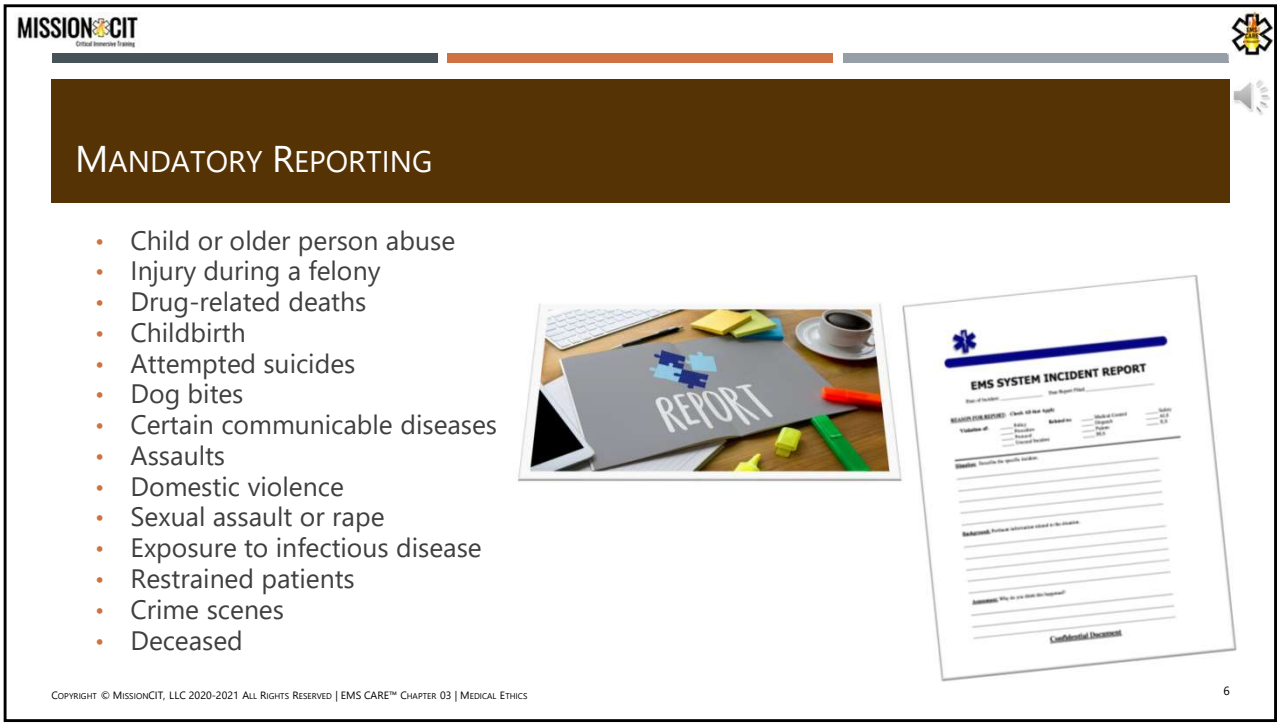
Reporting Requirements

- Track of all sick and injured patients
- Detailed account of what happened
- Actions that are not recorded are considered not to have occurred
- Incomplete or untidy reports are evidence of poor medical emergency care



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As an EMT, one of your primary tasks is to keep track of all incidents involving sick and injured patients. In general, actions that are not recorded are considered not to have occurred. Also, incomplete or untidy reports are evidence of poor medical emergency care, so avoid them at all costs.



Some incidents require mandatory reporting, and they are:

- Child or older person abuse
- Injury during a felony
- Drug-related deaths
- Childbirth
- Attempted suicides
- Dog bites
- Certain communicable diseases
- Assaults
- Domestic violence

- Sexual assault or rape
- Exposure to infectious disease
- Restrained patients
- Crime scenes, and
- Deceased

With this, we come to the end of this lesson and in the next one, Justin will take through something relevant for all of us, COVID-19. He will talk about the COVID-19 protocols.